

Language Modeling

Can you please come **here** ?



History

An upward-pointing arrow originates from the word "here" in the sentence above and points to the text "Word being predicted" below it.

Word being predicted

Introduction to N-grams

Probabilistic Language Models

- Today's goal: assign a probability to a sentence

- Machine Translation:

- $P(\mathbf{high} \text{ winds tonite}) > P(\mathbf{large} \text{ winds tonite})$

- Spell Correction

- The office is about fifteen **minuets** from my house

- $P(\text{about fifteen } \mathbf{minutes} \text{ from}) > P(\text{about fifteen } \mathbf{minuets} \text{ from})$

- Speech Recognition

- $P(\text{I saw a van}) \gg P(\text{eyes awe of an})$

- + Summarization, question-answering, etc., etc.!!

Why?

Probabilistic Language Modeling

- Goal: compute the probability of a sentence or sequence of words:

$$P(W) = P(w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4, w_5 \dots w_n)$$

- Related task: probability of an upcoming word:

$$P(w_5 | w_1, w_2, w_3, w_4)$$

- A model that computes either of these:

$P(W)$ or $P(w_n | w_1, w_2 \dots w_{n-1})$ is called a **language model**.

- Better: **the grammar** But **language model** or **LM** is standard

Estimating bigram probabilities

- The Maximum Likelihood Estimate

$$P(w_i | w_{i-1}) = \frac{\textit{count}(w_{i-1}, w_i)}{\textit{count}(w_{i-1})}$$

$$P(w_i | w_{i-1}) = \frac{c(w_{i-1}, w_i)}{c(w_{i-1})}$$

Exercise 1: Estimating Bi-gram probabilities

What is the most probable next word predicted by the model for the following word sequence?

Given Corpus

<S> I am Henry </S>
<S> I like college </S>
<S> Do Henry like college </S>
<S> Henry I am </S>
<S> Do I like Henry </S>
<S> Do I like college </S>
<S> I do like Henry </S>

Word	Frequency
<S>	7
</S>	7
I	6
am	2
Henry	5
like	5
college	3
do	4

<s> do _____? What is the most probable word?

1) <S> Do ?

<S> I am Henry </S>
 <S> I like college </S>
 <S> Do Henry like college </S>
 <S> Henry I am </S>
 <S> Do I like Henry </S>
 <S> Do I like college </S>
 <S> I do like Henry </S>

Word	Frequency
<S>	7
</S>	7
I	6
am	2
Henry	5
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do	4

Next word prediction probability $w_{i-1}=do$

Next word	Probability Next Word = $\frac{\text{count}(w_{i-1}, w_i)}{\text{count}(w_{i-1})}$
$P(</S> do)$	0/4
$P(<I> do)$	2/4
$P(<am> do)$	0/4
$P(<Henry> do)$	1/4
$P(<like do)$	1/4
$P(<college do)$	0/4
$P(do do)$	0/4

<s> I like Henry _____ ?

Which of the following sentence is better. i.e. Gets a higher probability with this model.
Use Bi-gram

- <S> I am Henry </S>
- <S> I like college </S>
- <S> Do Henry like college </S>
- <S> Henry I am </S>
- <S> Do I like Henry </S>
- <S> Do I like college </S>
- <S> I do like Henry </S>

Word	Frequency
<S>	7
</S>	7
I	6
am	2
Henry	5
like	5
college	3
do	4

1. <S> I like college </S>

<S> like college </S>=?

Which of the following sentence is better. i.e. Gets a higher probability with this model.
Use Bi-gram

<S> I am Henry </S>
 <S> I like college </S>
 <S> Do Henry like college </S>
 <S> Henry I am </S>
 <S> Do I like Henry </S>
 <S> Do I like college </S>
 <S> I do like Henry </S>

Word	Frequency
<S>	7
</S>	7
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am	2
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do	4

1. <S> I like college </S>

<S> like college </S>=?

$$=P(I | <S>) \times P(\text{like} | I) \times P(\text{college} | \text{like}) \times P(</S> | \text{college})$$

$$=3/7 \times 3/6 \times 3/5 \times 3/3 = 9/70=0.13$$

2. <S> Do I like Henry </S>

Which of the following sentence is better. i.e. Gets a higher probability with this model.
Use Bi-gram

<S> I am Henry </S>
<S> I like college </S>
<S> Do Henry like college </S>
<S> Henry I am </S>
<S> Do I like Henry </S>
<S> Do I like college </S>
<S> I do like Henry </S>

Word	Frequency
<S>	7
</S>	7
I	6
am	2
Henry	5
like	5
college	3
do	4

1. <S> I like college </S>

<S> like college </S>=?

$$\begin{aligned} &= P(I | <S>) \times P(\text{like} | I) \times P(\text{college} | \text{like}) \times P(</S> | \text{college}) \\ &= 3/7 \times 3/6 \times 3/5 \times 3/3 = 9/70 = 0.13 \end{aligned}$$

2. <S> Do I like Henry </S>

$$\begin{aligned} &= P(\text{do} | <S>) \times P(I | \text{do}) \times P(\text{like} | I) \times P(\text{Henry} | \text{like}) \times P(</S> | \text{Henry}) \\ &= 3/7 \times 2/4 \times 3/6 \times 2/5 \times 3/5 = 9/350 = 0.0257 \end{aligned}$$

Estimating bigram probabilities

- The Maximum Likelihood Estimate

$$P(w_i | w_{i-1}) = \frac{\textit{count}(w_{i-1}, w_i)}{\textit{count}(w_{i-1})}$$

$$P(w_i | w_{i-1}) = \frac{c(w_{i-1}, w_i)}{c(w_{i-1})}$$

An example

$$P(w_i | w_{i-1}) = \frac{c(w_{i-1}, w_i)}{c(w_{i-1})}$$

<s> I am Sam </s>

<s> Sam I am </s>

<s> I do not like green eggs and ham </s>

$$P(\text{I} | \text{<s>}) = \frac{2}{3} = .67$$

$$P(\text{Sam} | \text{<s>}) = \frac{1}{3} = .33$$

$$P(\text{am} | \text{I}) = \frac{2}{3} = .67$$

$$P(\text{</s>} | \text{Sam}) = \frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

$$P(\text{Sam} | \text{am}) = \frac{1}{2} = .5$$

$$P(\text{do} | \text{I}) = \frac{1}{3} = .33$$

Thank You!

Any Question?

What about unknown pair for bigram probability calculation?